TECHNICAL DATA DIV TESTREPORT LTF DIV TESTREPORT EN DATASHEET PARTS LIST OPERATING INSTRUCTION



## DHV TESTREPORT EN 926-2:2013+A1:2021

**NOVAION7S** 

Type designation NOVA Ion 7 S Type test reference no DHV GS-01-2751-22

Holder of certification NOVA Vertriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.

Manufacturer NOVA Vertriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.

**Classification** B

Winch towing Yes

Number of seats min / max 1/1

Accelerator Yes Trimmers No

BEHAVIOUR AT MIN WEIGHT IN

**Test pilots** 



No release

Α

Rising behaviour Smooth, easy and constant rising

Special take off technique required No

Special landing technique required No

Speeds in straight flight

Trim speed more than 30 km/h Yes

Speed range using the controls larger than 10 km/h Yes

Minimum speed Less than 25 km/h

Control movement

Symmetric control pressure Increasing

Symmetric control travel Greater than 60 cm

Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward less than 30°

Collapse occurs No

Collapse occurs No

Pitch stability operating controls during accelerated flight

Inflation/take-off

Roll stability and damping

**Oscillations** Reducing

Stability in gentle spirals

Tendency to return to straight flight Spontaneous exit

Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral dive

Initial response of glider (first 180°) Immediate reduction of rate of turn

Tendency to return to straight flight Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)

Turn angle to recover normal flight Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery

Symmetric front collapse

**Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°

**Entry** Rocking back less than 45°

Change of course Keeping course

BEHAVIOUR AT MAX WEIGHT IN FLIGHT (105KG)



**Mario Eder** 

No release Α

Smooth, easy and constant rising

No

Yes

Yes

Less than 25 km/h

Greater than 65 cm

Dive forward less than 30°

Nο

Α

Nο

Α

Reducing

Immediate reduction of rate of turn Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)

Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery

Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30°

Keeping course

Α

No

no

No

nο

R

Yes

Α

Nο

Rocking back less than 45°

Rocking back less than 45°

Dive forward 0° to 30°

Keeping course

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Changing course less than 45°

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward 30° to 60°

Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°

No (or only a small number of collapsed

cells with a spontaneous re inflation)

Spontaneous re-inflation

No collapse

Less than 45°

Most lines tight

Less than 90°

Less than 360°

Dive forward 30° to 60°

Dive forward 0° to 30°

Keeping course

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Cascade occurs No Folding lines used no no

Unaccelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord) A

**Entry** Rocking back less than 45°

**Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°

Change of course Keeping course

Cascade occurs No Folding lines used no

Accelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)

**Entry** Rocking back less than 45°

**Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°

Change of course Entering a turn of less than 90°

Cascade occurs No Folding lines used no

Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall)

Deep stall achieved Yes

**Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 30° to 60°  $\,$ 

Change of course Changing course less than 45°

Cascade occurs No

High angle of attack recovery

**Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Cascade occurs No

Recovery from a developed full stall

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 30° to 60°

Collapse No collapse

Cascade occurs (other than collapses) No

Rocking back Less than 45° Line tension Most lines tight

Small asymmetric collapse

Change of course until re-inflation Less than 90°

Maximum dive forward or roll angle Dive or roll angle 0° to 15°

**Re-inflation behaviour** Spontaneous re-inflation

Total change of course Less than 360°

Collapse on the opposite side occurs No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)

Twist occurs No

Cascade occurs No Folding lines used no

<u>Large asymmetric collapse</u>

Change of course until re-inflation 90° to 180°

Maximum dive forward or roll angle Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°

**Re-inflation behaviour** Spontaneous re-inflation

Total change of course Less than 360°

Collapse on the opposite side occurs No (or only a small number of collapsed cells

with a spontaneous re inflation) Twist occurs No

Cascade occurs No Folding lines used no

Small asymmetric collapse accelerated

Change of course until re-inflation Less than 90°

Maximum dive forward or roll angle Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°

**Re-inflation behaviour** Spontaneous re-inflation

Total change of course Less than 360°

Collapse on the opposite side occurs No (or only a small number of collapsed cells

with a spontaneous re inflation)

Twist occurs No Cascade occurs No Folding lines used no

2/3

https://www.dhv.de/db1/technictestreport2en.php?item=-3722&lang=en

В 90° to 180°

Nο Nο

no

Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°

Spontaneous re-inflation

Less than 360°

No (or only a small number of collapsed

cells with a spontaneous re inflation)

No

no

В 90° to 180°

Nο

no

Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Spontaneous re-inflation

Less than 360° No (or only a small number of collapsed

cells with a spontaneous re inflation) No

Large asymmetric collapse accelerated	В	В
Change of course until re-inflation	90° to 180°	90° to 180°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle		Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°
_	Spontaneous re-inflation	Spontaneous re-inflation
Total change of course	•	Less than 360°
	s No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)	No (or only a small number of collapse cells with a spontaneous re inflation)
Twist occurs		No
Cascade occurs		No
Folding lines used		no
Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse	A	A
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Able to keep course		Yes
180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s	<b>:</b>	Yes
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	n travel	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel
Trim speed spin tendency	A	A
Spin occurs	s No	No
Low speed spin tendency	A	A
Spin occurs	s No	No .
Recovery from a developed spin	A	A
Spin rotation angle after release	Stops spinning in less than 90°	Stops spinning in less than 90°
Cascade occurs		No
B-line stall	A	A
Change of course before release	Changing course less than 45°	Changing course less than 45°
Behaviour before release	Remains stable with straight span	Remains stable with straight span
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°
Cascade occurs	s No	No
<u>Big ears</u>	A	В
Entry procedure	Standard technique	Standard technique
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	Stable flight
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit	t Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°
Big ears in accelerated flight		
Big ears in accelerated flight	В	В
	<del>i</del>	<u> </u>
Entry procedure	standard technique	Dedicated controls
Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears	i. 9 Standard technique 9 Stable flight	Dedicated controls Stable flight
Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears Recovery	: • Standard technique • Stable flight • Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s	Dedicated controls Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s
Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears	s Standard technique Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Stable flight	Dedicated controls Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less
Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears	s Standard technique Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Stable flight	Dedicated controls Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30°
Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears	Standard technique Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Stable flight	Dedicated controls Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Stable flight
Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Behaviour immediately after releasing the	s Standard technique s Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Stable flight  A SYes	Dedicated controls Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Stable flight
Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears Alternative means of directional control 180° turn achievable in 20 s	e Standard technique s Stable flight r Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s t Dive forward 0° to 30° s Stable flight  A S Yes S No	Dedicated controls Stable flight Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Stable flight  A Yes

No other flight procedure or configuration described in the user's manual